Model Framework Document – Executive NDPBs

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Introduction

- 1. This framework document is agreed between Children's Hearings Scotland ("CHS") and the Scottish Ministers. It summarises how CHS and the Scottish Ministers will work together, and the key roles and responsibilities of:
 - the members and the chairing member ("the Chair") of CHS (who constitute "the Board"),
 - the Chief Executive and Accountable Officer of CHS,
 - the Scottish Ministers, and
 - the Portfolio Accountable Officer within the Scottish Government ("SG") whose remit includes CHS.
- 2. While this document does not confer any legal powers or responsibilities, it forms a key part of the accountability and governance framework and, as a live document, it should be reviewed by SG and CHS regularly, and at least every 2-3 years. Any significant changes will be agreed between the Board and the Scottish Ministers.
- 3. Any question regarding the interpretation of this document will be determined by the SG after consultation with CHS. Legislative provisions take precedence over any part of this document.
- 4. CHS is not permitted to establish any subsidiaries or enter into joint ventures without express approval from Scottish Ministers.
- 5. Copies of this document will be published on the CHS website.

Purpose

6. CHS was established as a body corporate by <u>section 2 of the Children's</u> Hearings (Scotland) Act 2011 ("the Act").

CHS's key functions, duties and powers are set out in the Act (see, in particular, sections 11 -13 and schedule 1 as introduced by section 3). The key statutory functions are to:

 Assist the National Convener in carrying out his or her functions under the Act, or any other enactment, and to facilitate the carrying out of those functions (see section 11 of the Act).

- 7. With approval by the Scottish Ministers, appoint or reappoint the National Convener and determine their terms and conditions (see paragraph 8 of schedule 1 of the Act).
- 8. CHS must comply with any direction given to it by the Scottish Ministers in relation to the carrying out of its functions (section 13) and also must comply with requests for assistance from certain other persons in relation to the carrying out of their functions under the Act, in accordance with section 183.
- 9. The Children's Hearings System provides the operational setting in which CHS, and its partner agencies work. CHS's purpose, strategic aims and objectives, as agreed by the Scottish Ministers, are set out in its Corporate and Business Plans. CHS's aims are to pursue, with care and creativity, outcomes which are in the best interests of children and young people who are, or may be, referred to children's hearings; to work collaboratively with, lead and influence partner agencies in the hearings system and to improve delivery and outcomes for children.
- 10. The key objectives of CHS are:
 - To inform and implement national policy initiatives to support children and young people who need support, their families and communities;
 - To work with Children's Hearings partners and The Promise on the <u>24-30 Promise Plan</u>;
 - To improve outcomes for children by working effectively with partners in an integrated hearings system;
 - To optimise the quality of children's panel decision-making and to work with partners to realise the best possible outcomes for children in the hearings system;
 - To make the hearings experience more accessible and responsive to children and their families, and;
 - To create and maintain organisational excellence by investing in staff and infrastructure.
- 11. The key performance targets relating to these objectives are to be set out in the CHS's corporate and operational plans.

Governance and Accountability

12. This section summarises the specific responsibilities and accountabilities of the key people involved in governance of CHS.

The Board

- 13. Members of CHS, including the Chair, constitute the Board. They are non-executives appointed by the Scottish Ministers in line with the Act and the <u>Code of Practice for Ministerial Public Appointments in Scotland</u>. The Chair and Members are accountable to the Scottish Ministers and also to the Scottish Parliament and may be required to give evidence to Parliamentary Committees.
- 14. The Board has overall responsibility for the delivery of the functions of CHS, in accordance with the aims, policies and priorities of the Scottish Ministers. It [the Board] has corporate responsibility, under the leadership of the Chair, and will:
 - a. set strategic plans to deliver the functions of CHS, focusing on how its work can most effectively contribute to achievement of the outcomes in the <u>National Performance Framework</u>, the <u>Programme for Government</u> and <u>Scotland's Economic Strategy</u> in collaboration with the SG and other public bodies;
 - b. regularly scrutinise current and projected performance against the aims, objectives and targets set out in plans and take decisions on remedial action where required.
 - c. ensure that effective governance is established and maintained, including ensuring that decision-taking is open and transparent and, with support from the Accountable Officer and the Audit and Risk Committee, ensure that key risks are identified and managed.
 - d. approve the annual report and accounts and ensure these are provided to the Scottish Ministers to be laid before the Scottish Parliament.
 - e. promote the efficient, economic and effective use of resources consistent with the principles of <u>Best Value</u>, and regularly scrutinise financial performance and compliance with financial guidance issued by the SG;

f. promote the wellbeing, learning and development of staff, provide support and challenge to the Chief Executive on staffing matters and ensure that CHS meets the **CHS staff management responsibilities** described in the section below.

15. The Chair will:

- a. lead the Board, ensuring that all Board members have suitable induction to understand the role and their responsibilities, that the skills and experience of all Board members are used effectively and that the Board undertakes regular self-assessment of its performance.
- b. ensure that the performance of each Board member is reviewed at least once per year and that the Board and/or individual Board members undertake development activity when required to ensure the effectiveness of the Board.
- c. ensure that the Board reviews its effectiveness annually.
- d. ensure that a Code of Conduct (aligned to the Model Code of Conduct for Board Members) is in place, that corporate actions are taken to implement it as required and that Members understand their responsibilities, using the guidance provided by the Standards Commission;
- e. work with the Portfolio Accountable Officer or their delegate(s) and the Public Appointments Team in SG on succession planning for the Board, action necessary to fill vacancies as they arise, skills requirements and promoting diversity by encouraging applications from less represented groups, including younger people, people from minority ethnic backgrounds and people with disabilities.
- 16. Specific guidance on how the Chair and Board members should discharge their duties will be provided in their appointment letters and in $\underline{\text{On Board}} \underline{\text{A}}$ $\underline{\text{Guide for Members of Statutory Boards}}$. Guidance on governance good practice is available in the Scottish Public Finance Manual and from the sponsor team, who may consult the SG Governance and Risk Team. A list of key aspects of governance to consider is included in the section on Governance and Risk below.

The Chief Executive

17. The Chief Executive is employed and appointed by CHS, on terms and conditions approved by the Scottish Ministers, and is the principal adviser to the

Board on the discharge of its functions and is accountable to the Board. The Chief Executive role is to provide operational leadership to staff working for CHS and to ensure that its aims and objectives are met, its functions are delivered, and its targets are met through effective and properly controlled executive action.

- 18. The specific duties of the Chief Executive will be set out in a job description, and annual objectives will be agreed with the Chair and used in appraisal of the Chief Executive's performance.
- 19. In addition to any other specific duties, the Chief Executive will:
 - a. advise the Board on the discharge of its responsibilities as set out in this Framework Document, in the founding legislation and in any other relevant instructions and guidance issued by or on behalf of the Scottish Ministers;
 - b. implement or oversee implementation of the decisions of the Board;
 - c. work with the Board on preparation of the Corporate Plan, including liaising with the Senior Sponsor and/or Sponsor Team on key points which need to be addressed and the timetable for preparation and review, and work with the Board to ensure that business plans are put in place to meet the Corporate Plan aims, objectives and performance measures;
 - d. lead and manage the staff of CHS ensuring their wellbeing, learning and development are prioritised, and ensuring that the <u>CHS staff</u> management responsibilities set out in the section below are addressed;
 - e. manage the budget for CHS in line with Scottish Government Finance guidance, policies and procedures, including the Scottish Public Finance Manual, and advise the Board on financial implications of all Board decisions, ensuring that appropriate financial appraisal and evaluation techniques are followed (see the <u>Appraisal and Evaluation</u> section of the SPFM);
 - f. agree with the Board and the Portfolio AO or Senior Sponsor what information is required to enable the Board and SG to scrutinise the performance of CHS and progress against overall strategic and

- business plan aims and objectives, and ensure that the agreed information is provided and that is both accurate and timely;
- g. through the Chief Executive's Executive Team, manage the day-to-day relationship with the Senior Sponsor and/or Sponsor Team, with other SG officials who have an interest in the work of CHS and other key stakeholders, including staff of other public bodies.
- 20. In advising the Board, the Chief Executive will ensure that the key governance issues highlighted in the section on Governance and Risk below are addressed.

The CHS Accountable Officer

- 21. The Principal Accountable Officer for the Scottish Administration (the Permanent Secretary of the SG) will designate a senior official in CHS as the Accountable Officer. Usually this will be the Chief Executive unless there are specific reasons why this would not be appropriate. The Accountable Officer is personally responsible for the propriety and regularity of the public finances of CHS and ensuring that its resources are used economically, efficiently and effectively, as required by section 15 of the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 and they may be called to give evidence to the Public Audit Committee of the Scottish Parliament. The responsibilities of the Accountable Officer are set out in full in the Memorandum to Accountable Officers for Other Public Bodies in the Scottish Public Finance Manual.
- 22. It is important for the Chair and Board members to recognise that one aspect of these duties is the requirement under section 15(8) of the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000, where the Accountable Officer considers that any action they are required to take is not consistent with their Accountable Officer responsibilities, they must obtain written authority from the Board and send a copy of the written authority to the Auditor General for Scotland as soon as possible and to the Clerk of the Public Audit Committee. The Accountable Officer should consult the Portfolio Accountable Officer before seeking written authority from the Board in these circumstances and should always notify the Portfolio Accountable Officer when such a written authority has been issued.
- 23. Where the duties of the Accountable Officer and the Chief Executive are not combined in one person, the Accountable Officer will work closely with the Chief Executive on governance, and in particular to ensure that the key

governance issues highlighted in the section on Governance and Risk below are addressed.

The Scottish Ministers

24. The Scottish Ministers appoint the Chair and Board Members and hold the Board to account for the performance of CHS and its use of resources. Ministers are ultimately accountable to the Scottish Parliament for ensuring that the CHS is discharging its duties effectively, although the Parliament will scrutinise the performance of CHS directly as it does with all public sector bodies. The Scottish Ministers are not directly responsible for the operation of CHS.

25. The Scottish Ministers will:

- a. agree the strategic aims, objectives and key targets of CHS as part of the corporate planning process;
- b. agree the budget for CHS, and secure the necessary Parliamentary approval;
- c. approve the Code of Conduct of the CHS Board;
- d. approve pay remits or proposals, renumeration and superannuation arrangements for the staff, Chief Executive, Chair and Board members;
- e. Lay the accounts of CHS before the Scottish Parliament.

SG Portfolio Accountable Officer

- 26. The Principal Accountable Officer for the Scottish Administration (the Permanent Secretary of the SG) has designated the Director General for Education and Justice as the Portfolio Accountable Officer (AO) for the SG portfolio budget which will provide funding for CHS.
- 27. The Portfolio AO's duties are to establish a framework for the relationship between SG and CHS, oversee the operation of that framework, ensure the public appointments to CHS are made appropriately and ensure that appropriate assurance is provided on the performance and governance of the body. These activities are known collectively as **'sponsorship.'** In practice, the Portfolio AO is likely to delegate some or all sponsorship duties to a Director or Deputy Director as Senior Sponsor and/or to other SG officials in a 'Sponsor Team.' The responsibilities of a Portfolio Accountable Officer are set out in

detail in the <u>Memorandum to Accountable Officers for Parts of the Scottish</u> Administration.

28. The Portfolio AO will:

- a. make sure the framework document is agreed between the Scottish Ministers and the Board of CHS, reviewed regularly and oversee the operation of the roles and responsibilities set out;
- ensure that financial and other management controls being applied by CHS are appropriate and sufficient to safeguard public funds and conform to the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management;
- c. in line with the <u>Code of Practice for Ministerial Appointments</u>, ensure that public appointments are made in good time and secure appropriate skills, experience and diversity amongst Board members, working with the Chair on succession planning; that there is effective induction for new appointees; and ensure that there is regular review and a formal annual appraisal of the performance of the Chair;
- d. support regular and effective engagement between CHS and the relevant Scottish Minister(s), and;
- e. make sure there is clear, documented delegation of responsibilities to a Senior Sponsor and/or Sponsor Team and that the Board and senior officials of CHS are aware of these delegated responsibilities.
- 29. The Portfolio AO remains personally answerable to the Scottish Parliament for the effectiveness of sponsorship activity.

Relationship between Scottish Government and CHS

30. Strategic engagement between the SG and CHS is essential in order that they work together as effectively as possible to maintain and improve public services and deliver improved outcomes. Specific governance and accountability roles are described in the section above, but more generally, both the SG and CHS will take all necessary steps to ensure that their relationship is developed and supported in line with the jointly agreed principles set out in the statement on <u>'Strategic Engagement between the Scottish Government and Scotland's NDPBs'</u>. This emphasises the need for cooperation and good communication,

and particularly early warning from either side about any emerging risk or issue with significant implications for the operation or governance of CHS.

31. The Sponsor Team's primary function is to carry out the responsibilities delegated to it by the Portfolio AO, directly or via the Senior Sponsor, as described above. In addition to ensuring that the arrangements in this framework document operate effectively, managing public appointments and providing assurance to the Portfolio AO, the Sponsor Team will usually be the first point of contact for CHS on any issue with SG. As part of the assurance they provide to the Portfolio AO, they must ensure that key actions and decisions agreed are documented and implemented. This includes ensuring that SG teams implement any agreed actions.

CHS staff management responsibilities

Broad responsibilities for CHS staff

- 32. The Chief Executive, challenged and supported by the Board, has responsibility for the recruitment, retention and motivation of CHS staff. The broad responsibilities toward staff are to ensure that:
 - HR policies, practices and systems comply with employment and equalities legislation, and standards expected of public sector employers;
 - the level and structure of staffing, including grading and staff numbers, are appropriate to its functions and the requirements of economy, efficiency and effectiveness (subject to the SG Public Sector Pay Policy for Staff Pay Remits);
 - the performance of staff at all levels is regularly appraised and performance management systems are reviewed from time to time;
 - staff are encouraged to acquire the appropriate professional, management and other expertise necessary to achieve the body's objectives;
 - proper consultation with staff takes place on key issues affecting them;

- effective grievance and disciplinary procedures are in place and that staff know where to access and how to use these;
- effective whistle-blowing policy and procedures, consistent with the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 are in place and staff know where to access and how to use these, and;
- a code of conduct for staff is in place.

Pay and conditions of service

- 33. CHS will comply with SG Public Sector Pay Policy in relation to staff including the Chief Executive. The Chief Executive will ensure that a pay remit, in line with the SG Public Sector Pay Policy for Staff Pay Remits, is submitted to the Scottish Ministers for approval in line with the timetable notified and negotiate a pay settlement within the terms of the approved remit. This should normally be done annually unless a multi-year deal has been agreed. Payment of salaries should also comply with the Tax Planning and Tax Avoidance section of the SPFM. Proposals on non-salary rewards will comply with the guidance in the Non-Salary Rewards section of the SPFM.
- 34. CHS will also seek appropriate approval under the SG Public Sector <u>Pay Policy for Senior Appointments</u> for the chief executive's remuneration package prior to appointment, annually or when a new appointment or change to the remuneration package is being proposed.

Pensions, redundancy and compensation

- 35. Superannuation arrangements for staff are subject to the approval of the Scottish Ministers. CHS staff will normally be eligible for a pension provided by Lothian Pension Fund. Staff may opt out of the occupational pension scheme provided, but the employers' contribution to any personal pension arrangement, including stakeholder pension, will normally be limited to the national insurance rebate level.
- 36. Any proposal by CHS to move from existing pension arrangements, or to pay any redundancy or compensation for loss of office, requires the prior approval of the Scottish Ministers. Proposals on compensation payments will comply with the <u>Settlement Agreements</u>, <u>Severance</u>, <u>Early Retirement and Redundancy Terms</u> section of the SPFM. This includes referral to the Scottish Ministers of any proposed severance scheme (for example, a scheme for voluntary exit), business case for a settlement agreement being considered for

an individual, or proposal to make any other compensation payment. In all instances, a body should engage with the Sponsor Team prior to proceeding with proposed severance options, and prior to making any offer either orally or in writing.

Corporate and business plans

- 37. CHS will prepare a draft strategic or corporate plan every 3 to 5 years setting out its strategic aims, objectives and targets over that period, for consideration by the Scottish Ministers. When a new plan is to be prepared, the Chief Executive or their delegate will liaise with the Sponsor Team to agree the key points to be addressed and the timetable for preparation and review;. The final, agreed version of the strategic or corporate plan will be published on the CHS website.
- 38. The corporate plan will include CHS's:
 - purpose and principal aims;
 - contribution to the national outcomes set out in the <u>National</u> <u>Performance Framework</u>, the Programme for Government and Scotland's Economic Strategy in collaboration with the SG and other public bodies;
 - analysis of the environment in which it operates;
 - key objectives and associated key performance targets for the period of the plan, and the strategy for achieving those objectives;
 - indicators against which its performance can be judged;
 - details of planned efficiencies, describing how better value for money will be achieved, including through collaboration and use of shared services, and;
 - other key points agreed with the Sponsor Team as described above.
- 39. The corporate plan will inform the development of a separate annual business plan for each financial year, which will include key targets and milestones for the year immediately ahead, aligned to the NPF, and be linked to budgeting information so that, where possible, resources allocated to achieve specific objectives can be identified. A copy of the business plan will be provided to the sponsor unit prior to the start of the relevant financial year.

Annual report and accounts

- 40. CHS will publish an annual report of its activities together with its audited accounts after the end of each financial year. The annual report and accounts will cover the activities of any corporate, subsidiary or joint ventures under the control of CHS. It will comply with the Government <u>Financial Reporting Manual</u> (FReM) and outline the CHS's main activities and performance against agreed objectives and targets for the previous financial year. It is the responsibility of the Chief Executive, as Accountable Officer, or their delegate, to sign the accounts.
- 41. The accounts will be prepared in accordance with relevant statutes and the specific accounts direction and other relevant guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers. Any financial objectives or targets set by the Scottish Ministers should be reported on in the accounts and will therefore be within the scope of the audit.
- 42. The SG Sponsor Team should receive a copy of the annual report for comment, and a copy of the draft accounts for information as soon as reasonably practicable, and no later than the end of September. In accordance with paragraph 23(2) of the Act, the report must include a copy of the annual report submitted separately to CHS by the National Convener under paragraph 24 of schedule 1. CHS is responsible for the publication of the annual report and accounts after they have been laid before the Scottish Parliament by the Scottish Ministers. Whilst the statutory deadline for laying and publishing accounts audited by the AGS is 31 December after the end of the relevant financial year, the Scottish Ministers expect that accounts will be laid before the Scottish Parliament and published as early as possible.

External audit

43. The Auditor General for Scotland (AGS) audits, or appoints auditors to audit, CHS's annual accounts and passes them to the Scottish Ministers who then lay them before the Scottish Parliament, together with the auditor's report and any report prepared by the AGS. The AGS, or examiners appointed by the AGS, may also carry out examinations into the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which the body has used its resources in discharging its

functions and/or carry out examinations into the arrangements made by CHS to secure Best Value.

44. The AGS, or the AGS's appointed auditors or examiners, have a statutory right of access to documents and information held by relevant persons, including any contractors to or recipients of grants from CHS. CHS will ensure that this right of access to documents and information is made clear in the terms of any contracts issued or conditions of any grants awarded and will also use its best endeavours to secure access to any other information or documents required which are held by other bodies.

Internal audit

45. CHS will:

- establish and maintain arrangements for internal audit in accordance with the <u>Public Sector Internal Audit Standards</u> and the <u>Internal Audit</u> section of the SPFM;
- set up an Audit Committee of its Board, in accordance with the <u>Audit</u>
 <u>Committees</u> section of the SPFM, to advise both the Board and the Accountable Officer;
- ensure that the Sponsor Team and the Portfolio AO/Senior Sponsor receive promptly after they are produced or updated: the audit charter, strategy, periodic audit plans and annual audit assurance report, including the Head of Internal Audit opinion on risk management, control and governance – and provide any other relevant audit reports as requested by sponsors;
- keep records of and prepare and forward promptly to the SG an annual report on fraud and theft suffered by CHS and notify the Portfolio AO or Senior Sponsor immediately of any unusual or major incidents.
- 46. The SG's Internal Audit and Assurance Directorate has an expectation of cooperation and access to relevant material when required, the parameters for which would be set out in an engagement document before information is shared. CHS should make it clear its own Privacy Notice that material may be

shared with SG's Internal Audit and Assurance Directorate in certain circumstances.

Budget management and delegated authority

- 47. Each year the Sponsor Team will send the Board a Budget Allocation and Monitoring letter, notifying CHS of the budget provision, any related matters and details of the budget monitoring information required. CHS will comply with the format and timing of the monitoring information requested and with any requests for further information.
- 48. The statement of budgetary provision will set out the budget within the classifications of resource Departmental Expenditure Limits (RDEL), capital DEL (CDEL) and Ring-fenced (non-cash) (RfDEL) and, where applicable, Annually Managed Expenditure (AME). These categories are explained in <u>Annual Budget Processing</u> in the SPFM, and CHS will not transfer budgetary provision between the categories without the prior approval of the SG Finance Directorate, which should be sought via the Sponsor Team. Transfers within the categories are at the discretion of the Board or, subject to delegated authority, the Chief Executive or relevant senior manager, if these do not breach any other constraints, for instance the approved pay remit.
- 49. Where budgetary provision includes projected income, including any income from disposal of non-current assets, the Chief Executive will ensure that the SG Finance Directorate and Sponsor Team are made aware promptly of any forecast changes in income usually via the monthly budget monitoring statement. The Scottish Ministers' expectation is that any shortfall in income will be offset by a matching reduction in gross expenditure, and prior approval from the SG Finance Directorate and the Sponsor Team must be sought for any alternative arrangement. Similarly, if income is higher than originally projected, this may only be used for additional spending or to meet pressures with the prior approval of the SG Finance Directorate and Sponsor Team. Failure to obtain prior approval for the use of excess income to fund additional expenditure may result in corresponding reductions in budgets for the following financial year. The only exception is where the income is from gifts, bequests and donations, but this must be spent within the same financial year as the receipt.

50. CHS's specific delegated financial authorities - as agreed in consultation between the Board and the Scottish Ministers - are set out in Annex A. The Board will obtain the prior written approval from sponsors and SG Finance before entering into any undertaking to incur any expenditure that falls outside these delegations, and before incurring expenditure for any purpose that is or might be considered novel, contentious or repercussive or which has or could have significant future cost implications.

Governance and Risk

- 51. Guidance on governance requirements is available in several documents referred to earlier in this framework document:
 - the Scottish Public Finance Manual (SPFM)
 - the Audit and Assurance Committee Handbook
 - On Board A Guide for Members of Statutory Boards
- 52. If in any doubt about a governance issue, the Chair or Chief Executive should consult the Senior Sponsor or Sponsor Team in the first instance, and sponsors may in turn consult the SG Public Bodies Unit, the SG Governance and Risk Branch and/or other teams with relevant expertise.
- 53. The Board and Chief Executive are advised to pay particular attention to guidance on the following issues.

Risk management

- 54. CHS must develop an approach to **risk management** consistent with the Risk Management section of the Scottish Public Finance Manual and establish reporting and escalation arrangements with the Portfolio AO or Senior Sponsor.
- 55. The Board should have a clear understanding of the key risks, threats and hazards it may face in the personnel, accommodation and cyber domains, and take action to ensure appropriate **organisational resilience**, in line with the guidance in: <u>Having and Promoting Business Resilience</u> (part of the Preparing Scotland suite of guidance) and the <u>Public Sector Cyber Resilience Framework</u>.

Internal control

- 56. The Board should establish **clear internal** <u>delegated authorities</u> with the Chief Executive, who may in turn delegate responsibilities to other members of staff and establish an **assurance framework** consistent with the <u>internal control</u> framework in the SPFM.
- 57. **Counter-fraud** policies and practices should be adopted to safeguard against fraud and theft see the Fraud section of the SPFM.
- 58. Any major investment programmes or projects undertaken should be subject to the guidance in the <u>Major Investment Projects</u> section of the SPFM and in line with delegated authorities. The Sponsor Team must be kept informed of progress on such programmes and projects and Ministers must be alerted to any developments that could undermine their viability. **ICT investment plans** must be reported to the SG's Office of the Chief Information Officer.
- 59. CHS must comply with the requirements of the **Freedom of Information** (Scotland) Act 2002 and ensure that information is provided to members of the public in a spirit of openness and transparency. CHS must also register with the Information Commissioners Office and ensure that it complies with the **Data Protection Act 2018** and the General Data Protection Regulations, commonly known as **GDPR**.

Budget and finance

- 60. Unless covered by a specific delegated authority, **financial investments** are not permitted without the prior approval of sponsors and SG Finance. This includes equity shares in ventures which further CHS's objectives. Public bodies should not invest in any venture of a speculative nature.
- 61. Non-standard **tax management** arrangements should always be regarded as novel and/or contentious and must therefore be approved in advance by the Portfolio AO and SG Finance. Relevant guidance is provided in the <u>Tax Planning and Tax Avoidance</u> section of the SPFM. CHS must comply with all relevant rules on taxation, including **VAT**, and recover input tax where it is entitled to do so.
- 62. **Optimising income** (not including grant-in-aid) from all sources should be a priority, and sponsors should be kept informed about any significant projected changes in income. Novel or contentious proposals for new sources of income or methods of fundraising must be approved by sponsors and SG Finance. Fees

or charges for any services supplied must be determined in accordance with the <u>Fees and Charges</u> section of the SPFM.

- 63. **Gifts, bequests or donations** received score as income and should be provided for in the agreed resource DEL and capital DEL budgets, but should not fund activities or assets normally covered by SG grant-in-aid, trading or fee income, and conflicts of interest must be considered see the principles in the <u>Gifts</u> section of the SPFM. Note that this relates to gifts to CHS gifts to individuals are covered in the Model Code of Conduct.
- 64. **Borrowing** cannot be used to increase CHS's spending power. All borrowing excluding agreed overdrafts must be from the Scottish Ministers in accordance with guidance in the <u>Borrowing, Lending and Investment</u> section of the SPFM.
- Any lending must be in line with the guidance in the <u>Borrowing</u>, <u>Lending</u> and <u>Investment</u> section of the SPFM on undertaking due diligence and seeking to establish a security. Unless covered by a specific delegated limit CHS must not lend money, charge any asset, give any guarantee or indemnity or letter of comfort, or incur any other contingent liability (as defined in the <u>Contingent Liabilities</u> section of the SPFM), whether or not in a legally binding form, without the prior approval of sponsors and SG Finance. Guarantees, indemnities and letters of comfort of a standard type given in the normal course of business are excluded from this requirement.
- 66. An accurate and up-to-date record of **current and non-current assets** should be maintained, consistent with the <u>Property: Acquisition, Disposal and Management</u> section of the SPFM. CHS is also subject to the <u>SG Asset Management Policy</u>, including the requirement for acquisition of a new lease, continuation of an existing lease, decision not to exercise a break option in a lease or purchase of property for accommodation / operational purposes, to be approved in advance by Scottish Ministers. The Property Controls Team should be consulted as early as possible in this process.
- 67. Assets should be recorded on the balance sheet at the appropriate valuation basis in accordance with the FReM. When an asset (including any investment) suffers **impairment**, when there is significant **movement in existing provisions** and/or where **a new provision needs to be created**, this should be communicated to sponsors and SG Finance as soon as possible to determine the implications for the NDPB's budget.

- 68. Any **funding for expenditure on assets by a third party** should be subject to appropriate arrangements to ensure that they are not disposed of without prior consent and that a due share of the proceeds can be secured on disposal or when they cease to be used by the third party for the intended purpose, in line with the <u>Clawback</u> guidance in the SPFM.
- 69. Unless covered by a specific delegated authority, prior approval from sponsors and SG Finance is required before **making gifts or special payments or writing off losses**. Special payments and losses are subject the guidance in the <u>Losses and Special Payments</u> section of the SPFM. Gifts by management to staff are subject to the guidance in the <u>Non-Salary Rewards</u> section of the SPFM.
- 70. Unless covered by a specific delegated authority CHS must not enter into any **finance**, **property or accommodation related lease arrangement** including the extension of an existing lease or the non-exercise of a tenant's lease break without prior approval from sponsors. Before entering/ continuing such arrangements CHS must be able to demonstrate that the lease offers better value for money than purchase and that all options of sharing existing public sector space have been explored.

Non-property / accommodation related operating leases are subject to a specific delegated authority. There must be capital DEL provision in the budget allocation for finance leases and other transactions which are in substance borrowing.

- 71. **Procurement** policies should reflect relevant guidance in the <u>Procurement</u> section of the SPFM and any other relevant guidance issued by the SG's Procurement and Property Directorate. The SG's directory of <u>SG Framework Agreements</u>, is available to support organisations but they should check the Framework Agreement's 'buyer's guide' before proceeding to ensure they are eligible to use the Framework
- 72. All matured and properly authorised **invoices** relating to transactions with suppliers should be paid in accordance with the <u>Expenditure and Payments</u> section of the SPFM wherever possible and appropriate within Scottish Ministers' target of payment within 10 working days of their receipt.
- 73. CHS is subject to the SG policy of self-insurance. Commercial **insurance** must however be taken out where there is a legal requirement to do so and may also be taken out in the circumstances described in the <u>Insurance</u> section of the SPFM where required with the prior approval of sponsors and their finance

business partner subject to the level of inherent financial risk. In the event of uninsured losses being incurred the SG shall consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether or not it should make any additional resources available to CHS. The relevant sponsor team will provide a Certificate of Exemption for Employer's Liability Insurance.

- 74. Unless covered by a specific delegated authority CHS must not provide **grant funding to a third party** without prior agreement from sponsors and SG Finance. Guidance on a framework for the control of third party grants is provided as an annex to the <u>Grant and grant in aid</u> section of the SPFM. Subsidy control requirements for any such funding are discussed below.
- 75. The EU State aid regime was effectively revoked from UK law from 1 January. Following this, subsidy control provisions were covered by the UK-EU Trade and Cooperation Agreement (TCA) and the UK's international obligations, including various Free Trade Agreements and those arising as a consequence of World Trade Organisation membership. However, a new UK subsidy control regime came into force on 4 January 2023 as a result of UK Government's Subsidy Control Act 2022. Currently, any activity that a public body undertakes itself, or funds other bodies to undertake, that can be offered on a commercial market for goods and services, is subject to the regulations set out in the Subsidy Control Act 2022. A full assessment is required prior to disbursing any funding, subject to the guidance in the subsidy control section of the SPFM.

Remuneration

- 76. Remuneration, allowances and any expenses paid to the Chair and Board Members must comply with the latest SG Public Sector Pay Policy for Senior Appointments and any specific guidance on such matters issued by the Scottish Ministers.
- 77. **Staff pay, pensions and any severance payments** must be in line with the requirements of Public Sector Pay Policy and the responsibilities described in the section on NDPB Staff Management Responsibilities.
- 78. All individuals who would qualify as employees for tax purposes should be paid through the payroll system with **tax deducted at source**.

Banking and cash management

79. **Banking** arrangements must comply with the <u>Banking</u> section of the SPFM.

80. **Cash management** arrangements need to be addressed as well as overall budget management. Any <u>grant in aid</u> (i.e. the cash provided to CHS by the SG to support the allocated budget) for the year in question will be authorised by the Scottish Parliament in the annual Budget Act. CHS will normally receive monthly instalments based on updated profiles and information on unrestricted cash reserves and will not seek any payment in advance of need. CHS will keep its unrestricted cash reserves held during the year to the minimum level needed for efficient operation and any relevant liabilities which have to be met at the year-end. Grant in aid not drawn down by the end of the financial year will lapse. CHS not pay grant in aid into any restricted reserve it holds.

Helpful information

75. The Public Bodies Support Unit has produced a register of reporting requirements for devolved public bodies which will help in regard to compliance with certain legislative asks. Copies of the register can be obtained from the PBSU mailbox.

Annex A

Annex A: Specific Delegated Financial Authorities¹

| | Delegated Limit |
|---|--|
| Operating leases – other than property/ accommodation related leases | n/a |
| Gifts | Up to £200 |
| Special payments | £1,000 in individual circumstances, annual aggregate limit of £5,000 |
| Claims waived or abandoned | £1,000 in individual circumstances, annual aggregate limit of £5,000 |
| Write-off of bad debt and/or losses | £1,000 in individual circumstances, annual aggregate limit of £5,000 |
| Others as appropriate e.g. Guarantees etc. outwith normal course of business | n/a |
| Charges on assets | n/a |
| Loans | n/a |

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¹ Limits are subject to any additional financial controls applied by the Scottish Government.

| Grants | Direct escalation to Sponsor Team |
|--|---|
| Financial investments and equity shares | n/a |
| Major investment programmes/ projects | Projects over £128,000, and any new, novel and contentious spend, will be approved by Sponsor Team. |